We claim:

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1. A compound having the structure:

$$Ar - L - N \xrightarrow{A^1 - Z} Q$$

$$QR^{X2}$$

wherein:

A¹ and A² are independently selected from O, S, NR, $C(R^2)_2$, CR^2OR , $CR^2OC(=O)R$, C(=O), C(=S), CR^2SR , C(=NR), $C(R^2)_2-C(R^3)_2$, $C(R^2)=C(R^3)$, $C(R^2)_2-O$, $C(R^3)_2$, C

Q is N, [†]NR, or CR⁴;

$$Y===Z$$
 is $C==C$, $N==C$, or $C==N$.

L is selected from a bond, O, S, S–S, S(=O), S(=O)₂, S(=O)₂NR, NR, N–OR, C_1 – C_{12} alkylene, C_1 – C_{12} substituted alkylene, C_2 – C_{12} alkenylene, C_2 – C_{12} substituted alkynylene, C(=O)NH, OC(=O)NH, NHC(=O)NH, C(=O)NH(CH₂)_n, or (CH₂CH₂O)_n, where n may be 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6;

X is selected from O, S, NH, NR, N-OR, N-NR₂, N-CR₂OR and N-CR₂NR₂;

Ar is selected from C_3 – C_{12} carbocycle, C_3 – C_{12} substituted carbocycle, C_6 – C_{20} aryl, C_6 – C_{20} substituted aryl, C_2 – C_{20} heteroaryl, and C_2 – C_{20} substituted heteroaryl;

R¹, R², R³ and R⁴ are each independently selected from H, F, Cl, Br, I, OH, -NH₂, -NH₃⁺, -NHR, -NR₂, -NR₃⁺, C₁-C₈ alkylhalide, carboxylate, sulfate, sulfamate, sulfonate, 5-7 membered ring sultam, C₁-C₈ alkylsulfonate, C₁-C₈ alkylamino, 4-dialkylaminopyridinium, C₁-C₈ alkylhydroxyl, C₁-C₈ alkylthiol, -SO₂R, -SO₂Ar, -SOAr, -SAr, -SO₂NR₂, -SOR, -CO₂R, -C(=O)NR₂, 5-7 membered ring lactam, 5-7 membered ring

-SAr, -SO₂NR₂, -SOR, -CO₂R, -C(=O)NR₂, 5-7 membered ring lactam, 5-7 membered $_{1}$ lactone, -CN, -N₃, -NO₂, C₁-C₈ alkoxy, C₁-C₈ trifluoroalkyl, C₁-C₈ alkyl, C₁-C₈

substituted alkyl, C_3 – C_{12} carbocycle, C_3 – C_{12} substituted carbocycle, C_6 – C_{20} aryl, C_6 – C_{20} substituted aryl, C_2 – C_{20} heteroaryl, and C_2 – C_{20} substituted heteroaryl, polyethyleneoxy, phosphonate, phosphate, and a prodrug moiety;

when taken together on a single carbon, two R^2 or two R^3 may form a spiro ring; and R is independently selected from H, C_1 – C_8 alkyl, C_1 – C_8 substituted alkyl, C_6 – C_{20} aryl, C_6 – C_{20} substituted aryl, C_2 – C_{20} heteroaryl, and C_2 – C_{20} substituted heteroaryl, polyethyleneoxy, phosphonate, phosphate, and a prodrug moiety;

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 R^{X2} is independently selected from H, C_1 – C_8 alkyl, C_1 – C_8 substituted alkyl, C_6 – C_{20} aryl, C_6 – C_{20} substituted aryl, C_2 – C_{20} heteroaryl, and C_2 – C_{20} substituted heteroaryl, polyethyleneoxy, phosphonate, phosphate, a prodrug, a pharmaceutically acceptable prodrug, a prodrug moiety, a protecting group, and a phosphonate prodrug moiety;

and the salts, solvates, resolved enantiomers and purified diastereomers thereof; with the proviso that when Y=Z is C=C(OH), X is O, A¹ is C(=O), A² is C(R²)=C(R³), and Q is CH, then L is not a bond.

4. A compound of claim 1 selected from the structures:

0

 $\dot{\text{OR}}^{\text{X2}}$

$$Ar-L-N$$

$$A$$

8. A compound of claim 6 having the structure:

$$Ar-L-N \xrightarrow{A^1 - Z} R^2 R^3$$

$$QR^{X2}$$

9. A compound of claim 6 having Formula I:

10. A compound of claim 6 having Formula II:

$$Ar-L-N \xrightarrow{A^1} \xrightarrow{N} \xrightarrow{R^2} \xrightarrow{R^3}$$

$$X \xrightarrow{OR^{X2}} \mathbf{II}.$$

11. A compound of claim 6 having Formula III:

$$Ar - L - N + R^{2}$$

$$X - R^{3}$$

$$R^{4}$$

$$OR^{X_{2}}$$

$$III.$$

12. A compound of claim 1 having Formula IV:

$$Ar-L-N \xrightarrow{A^1 - A^2} R^4$$

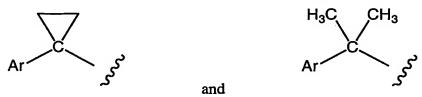
$$X = OR^{X2} IV.$$

13. A compound of claim 1 comprising at least one phosphonate group.

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- 14. A compound of claim 1 wherein substituted alkyl, substituted alkylene, substituted alkyenylene, substituted alkynylene, substituted carbocycle, substituted aryl, and substituted heteroaryl are independently substituted with one or more substituents selected from F, Cl, Br, I, OH, -NH₂, -NH₃⁺, -NHR, -NR₂, -NR₃⁺, C₁-C₈ alkylhalide, carboxylate,
 5 sulfate, sulfamate, sulfonate, 5-7 membered ring sultam, C₁-C₈ alkylsulfonate, C₁-C₈ alkylamino, 4-dialkylaminopyridinium, C₁-C₈ alkylhydroxyl, C₁-C₈ alkylthiol, -SO₂R, -SO₂Ar, -SOAr, -SAr, -SO₂NR₂, -SOR, -CO₂R, -C(=O)NR₂, 5-7 membered ring lactam, 5-7 membered ring lactone, -CN, -N₃, -NO₂, C₁-C₈ alkoxy, C₁-C₈ trifluoroalkyl, C₁-C₈ alkyl, C₃-C₁₂ carbocycle, C₆-C₂₀ aryl, C₂-C₂₀ heteroaryl, polyethyleneoxy, phosphonate, phosphate, and a prodrug moiety.
 - 15. The compound of claim 1 wherein A¹ is CH₂, C(CH₃)₂,

 CH₂-CH₂, C(CH₃)₂-CH₂, or CH₂-CH₂-CH₂.
 - 16. The compound of claim 9 wherein X is O; L is CH₂; and Ar is substituted phenyl.
- 15 17. The compound of claim 16 wherein Ar is 4-fluorophenyl.
 - 18. The compound of claim 9 wherein X is O; and R², R³ and R⁴ are each H.
 - 19. The compound of claim 9 wherein X is O; A^1 is CH_2 ; and R^2 , R^3 and R^4 are each H.
 - 20. The compound of claim 1 wherein Ar-L is selected from the structures:



21. A compound of claim 9 comprising Formula Ia, Ib, or Ic:

$$Ar-L-N \longrightarrow R^1 \qquad R^2 \qquad R^3 \qquad \qquad R^4 \qquad \qquad Ib$$

$$Ar-L-N \longrightarrow OH \qquad R^1 \qquad R^2 \qquad R^3$$

22. A compound of claim 9 having the structure:

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23. A compound of claim 22 selected from the structures:

$$\begin{array}{c|c} O_2S & R^2 \\ Ar-L-N & R^3 \\ O & OH \end{array}$$

and

Ic.

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
O_2S & \\
N & R^2 \\
R^3 & \\
O & OH
\end{array}$$

A compound of claim 9 having Formula Id: 24.

25. A compound of claim 9 having the structure:

$$Ar-L-N \longrightarrow R^1 \quad R^2$$

$$R^3$$

$$R^4$$

with the proviso that when R¹ is OH, and R², R³, and R⁴ are H, then L is not a bond.

26. A compound of claim 1 wherein

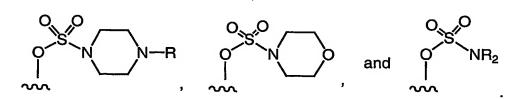
$$Y===Z$$
 is $C==C$; and

 R^1 is CR_3 , $C(=O)NR_2$, OC(=O)OR, $OC(=O)NR_2$, OC(=O)R, OSO_2NR_2 (sulfamate), NR₂, NRSO₂R, SR, S(O)R, SO₂R or SO₂NR₂ (sulfonamide). 10

- 27. The compound of claim 26 wherein at least one R comprises a prodrug moiety.
- A compound of claim 1 wherein at least one of R¹, R², R³, and R⁴ is selected 28. from the structures:

$$N-R$$
 $N-R$ and $N-R$

29. A compound of claim 1 wherein at least one of R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , and R^4 is selected from the structures:



30. A compound of claim 1 wherein at least one of R¹, R², R³, and R⁴ is selected from the structures:

$$N-R$$
 $N-R$
 $N-R$

31. A compound of claim 1 wherein at least one of R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , and R^4 comprise a lactam having the structures:

a sultam having the structures:

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$$SO_2$$
 and SO_2

32. A compound of claim 1 wherein Ar is selected from the structures:

where the wavy line indicates the covalent attachment site to L.

33. A compound of claim 1 wherein Ar is selected from the structures:

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where n is 1 to 6.

34. A compound of claim 1 wherein Ar is selected from the structures:

5 35. A compound of claim 1 comprising a prodrug moiety selected from the structures:

$$\begin{cases} -\frac{1}{2} & 0 & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{2} & 0 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{2} & 0 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{2} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{2} &$$

wherein R^5 is $-CR_2CO_2R^7$ where R^6 and R^7 are independently H or C_1-C_8 alkyl.

36. The compound of claim 1 comprising a phosphonate or prodrug moiety having the structure:

5 wherein:

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 Y^1 is independently O, S, $N(R^x)$, $N(O)(R^x)$, $N(OR^x)$, $N(O)(OR^x)$, or $N(N(R^x)_2$;

 Y^2 is independently a bond, O, $N(R^x)$, $N(O)(R^x)$, $N(OR^x)$, $N(O)(OR^x)$, $N(N(R^x)_2)$, - S(O)- (sulfoxide), - $S(O)_2$ - (sulfone), -S- (sulfide), or -S-S- (disulfide);

M2 is 0, 1 or 2;

M12a is 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, or 12;

M12b is 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, or 12;

 R^{y} is independently H, C_1 – C_6 alkyl, C_1 – C_6 substituted alkyl, C_6 – C_{20} aryl, C_6 – C_{20} substituted aryl, or a protecting group, or where taken together at a carbon atom, two vicinal R^{y} groups form a carbocycle or a heterocycle; and

 R^{x} is independently H, C_1 – C_6 alkyl, C_1 – C_6 substituted alkyl, C_6 – C_{20} aryl, C_6 – C_{20} substituted aryl, or a protecting group, or the formula:

where M1a, M1c, and M1d are independently 0 or 1, and M12c is 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 or 12.

37. The compound of claim 36 wherein the phosphonate or prodrug moiety has the structure:

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38. The compound of claim 37 wherein the phosphonate or prodrug moiety has the structure:

5 where Y^{2b} is O or $N(R^x)$.

39. The compound of claim 37 wherein the phosphonate or prodrug moiety has the structure:

$$R^2$$
 R^2
 R^2

where W^5 is a carbocycle, and Y^{2c} is O, $N(R^y)$ or S.

10 40. The compound of claim 39 wherein W⁵ is selected from the structures:

41. The compound of claim 37 wherein the phosphonate or prodrug moiety has the structure:

5 42. The compound of claim 41 wherein the phosphonate or prodrug moiety has the structure:

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wherein Y^{2b} is O or $N(R^x)$; M12d is 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 or 8; R^1 is H or C_1 – C_6 alkyl; and the phenyl carbocycle is substituted with 0 to 3 R^2 groups where R^2 is C_1 – C_6 alkyl or substituted alkyl.

43. The compound of claim 42 wherein the phosphonate or prodrug moiety has the structure:

44. The compound of claim 36 wherein R^x is selected from the structures:

$$R^{y}$$
 R^{y} R^{y

45. A compound of claim 9 selected from the structures:

and

46. A compound of claim 11 selected from the structures:

and

and

321

5 48. A compound of claim 13 selected from the structures:

314

and

5 49. A compound having the structure:

$$Ar-L-N$$
 X
 OP

or a salt thereof;

wherein:

 $A^{1} \text{ and } A^{2} \text{ are independently selected from O, S, NR, } C(R^{2})_{2}, CR^{2}OR,$ $CR^{2}OC(=O)R, C(=O), C(=S), CR^{2}SR, C(=NR), C(R^{2})_{2}-C(R^{3})_{2}, C(R^{2})=C(R^{3}), NR-C(R^{3})_{2},$ $N=C(R^{3}), N=N, SO_{2}-NR, C(=O)C(R^{3})_{2}, C(=O)NR, C(R^{2})_{2}-C(R^{3})_{2}-C(R^{3})_{2},$ $C(R^{2})=C(R^{3})-C(R^{3})_{2}, C(R^{2})C(=O)NR, C(R^{2})C(=S)NR, C(R^{2})=N-C(R^{3})_{2}, C(R^{2})=N-NR,$ and $N=C(R^{3})-NR;$

Q is N, [†]NR, or CR⁴;

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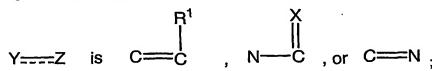
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L is selected from a bond, O, S, S–S, S(=O), S(=O)₂, S(=O)₂NR, NR, N–OR, C_1 – C_{12} alkylene, C_1 – C_{12} substituted alkylene, C_2 – C_{12} alkenylene, C_2 – C_{12} substituted alkynylene, C(=O)NH, OC(=O)NH, NHC(=O)NH, C(=O)NH(CH₂)_n, or (CH₂CH₂O)_n, where n may be 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6;

X is selected from O, S, NH, NR, N-OR, N-NR₂, N-CR₂OR and N-CR₂NR₂;

Ar is selected from C_3 – C_{12} carbocycle, C_3 – C_{12} substituted carbocycle, C_6 – C_{20} aryl, C_6 – C_{20} substituted aryl, C_2 – C_{20} heteroaryl, and C_2 – C_{20} substituted heteroaryl;

R¹, R², R³ and R⁴ are each independently selected from H, F, Cl, Br, I, OH, -NH₂, -NH₃⁺, -NHR, -NR₂, -NR₃⁺, C₁-C₈ alkylhalide, carboxylate, sulfate, sulfamate, sulfonate, 5-7 membered ring sultam, C₁-C₈ alkylsulfonate, C₁-C₈ alkylamino, 4-dialkylaminopyridinium, C₁-C₈ alkylhydroxyl, C₁-C₈ alkylthiol, -SO₂R, -SO₂Ar, -SOAr, -SAr, -SO₂NR₂, -SOR, -CO₂R, -C(=O)NR₂, 5-7 membered ring lactam, 5-7 membered ring lactone, -CN, -N₃, -NO₂, C₁-C₈ alkoxy, C₁-C₈ trifluoroalkyl, C₁-C₈ alkyl, C₁-C₈ substituted alkyl, C₃-C₁₂ carbocycle, C₃-C₁₂ substituted carbocycle, C₆-C₂₀ aryl, C₆-C₂₀ substituted aryl, C₂-C₂₀ heteroaryl, and C₂-C₂₀ substituted heteroaryl, polyethyleneoxy, phosphonate, phosphate, and a prodrug moiety;

when taken together on a single carbon, two R² or two R³ may form a spiro ring;
R is independently selected from H, C₁-C₈ alkyl, C₁-C₈ substituted alkyl, C₆-C₂₀
aryl, C₆-C₂₀ substituted aryl, C₂-C₂₀ heteroaryl, and C₂-C₂₀ substituted heteroaryl,
polyethyleneoxy, phosphonate, phosphate, and a prodrug; and

P is a protecting group selected from benzyhydryl (CHPh₂), trialkylsilyl (R₃Si), 2-trimethylsiloxyethyl, alkoxymethyl (CH₂OR), and ester (C(=O)R).

50. A process for preparation of a compound having the structure:

comprising reacting a succinimide compound having the structure:

with a heterocyclic compound having the structure:

and reaction with an acylation reagent comprising a formula selected from:

$$R^{1}$$
— C — E and R^{1} — C — O — C — R^{1}

wherein:

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10 A^2 is selected from O, S, NR, $C(R^2)_2$, CR^2OR , $CR^2OC(=O)R$, C(=O), C(=S), CR^2SR , C(=NR), $C(R^2)_2-C(R^3)_2$, $C(R^2)=C(R^3)$, $NR-C(R^3)_2$, $N=C(R^3)$, N=N, SO_2-NR , $C(=O)C(R^3)_2$, C(=O)NR, $C(R^2)_2-C(R^3)_2-C(R^3)_2$, $C(R^2)=C(R^3)-C(R^3)_2$, $C(R^2)C(=O)NR$, $C(R^2)C(=S)NR$, $C(R^2)=N-C(R^3)_2$, $C(R^2)=N-NR$, and $N=C(R^3)-NR$;

Q is N, ⁺NR, or CR⁴;

L is selected from a bond, O, S, NR, N-OR, C_1 - C_{12} alkyldiyl, C_1 - C_{12} substituted alkyldiyl, C(=O)NH, C(=O), S(=O), S(=O)₂, C(=O)NH(CH₂)_n, and (CH₂CH₂O)_n, where n ranges from 1 to 6;

Ar is selected from C_6 – C_{20} aryl, C_6 – C_{20} substituted aryl, C_2 – C_{20} heteroaryl, and C_2 – C_{20} substituted heteroaryl;

R¹ is selected from R, OR, NR₂, NHR, NHSO₂R, and NRSO₂R;

E is selected from Cl, imidazole, and hydroxybenzotriazole;

 R^2 , R^3 and R^4 are each independently selected from H, F, Cl, Br, I, OH, $-NH_2$, $-NH_3^+$, -NHR, $-NR_2$, $-NR_3^+$, C_1-C_8 alkylhalide, carboxylate, sulfate, sulfamate, sulfonate,

5-7 membered ring sultam, C₁–C₈ alkylsulfonate, C₁–C₈ alkylamino, 4-dialkylaminopyridinium, C₁–C₈ alkylhydroxyl, C₁–C₈ alkylthiol, –SO₂R, –SO₂Ar, –SOAr, –SAr, –SO₂NR₂, –SOR, –CO₂R, –C(=O)NR₂, 5-7 membered ring lactam, 5-7 membered ring lactone, –CN, –N₃, –NO₂, C₁–C₈ alkoxy, C₁–C₈ trifluoroalkyl, C₁–C₈ alkyl, C₁–C₈ substituted alkyl, C₃–C₁₂ carbocycle, C₃–C₁₂ substituted carbocycle, C₆–C₂₀ aryl, C₆–C₂₀ substituted aryl, C₂–C₂₀ heteroaryl, and C₂–C₂₀ substituted heteroaryl, polyethyleneoxy, phosphonate, phosphate, and a prodrug moiety; and

R is selected from C_1 – C_6 alkyl, C_1 – C_6 substituted alkyl, C_6 – C_{20} aryl, C_6 – C_{20} substituted aryl, C_2 – C_{20} heteroaryl, C_2 – C_{20} substituted heteroaryl, polyethyleneoxy, phosphonate, phosphate, and a prodrug moiety.

51. The process of claim 50 for preparation of a compound having the structure:

wherein the heterocyclic compound has the structure:

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15 52. A process for preparation of a compound having the structure:

$$Ar-L-N$$
 $A^{1}-N$
 OH
 OH

comprising reacting a compound having the structure:

with a basic reagent comprising hydroxide, an alkoxide or an amine; wherein:

A¹ and A² are independently selected from O, S, NR, C(R²)₂, CR²OR,

CR²OC(=O)R, C(=O), C(=S), CR²SR, C(=NR), C(R²)₂-C(R³)₂, C(R²)=C(R³), NR-C(R³)₂,

N=C(R³), N=N, SO₂-NR, C(=O)C(R³)₂, C(=O)NR, C(R²)₂-C(R³)₂-C(R³)₂,

C(R²)=C(R³)-C(R³)₂, C(R²)C(=O)NR, C(R²)C(=S)NR, C(R²)=N-C(R³)₂, C(R²)=N-NR,

and N=C(R³)-NR;

Q is N, ⁺NR, or CR⁴;

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10 X is selected from O, S, NH, NR, N-OR, N-NR₂, N-CR₂OR and N-CR₂NR₂;

L is selected from a bond, O, S, NR, N-OR, C_1 - C_{12} alkyldiyl, C_1 - C_{12} substituted alkyldiyl, C(=O)NH, C(=O), S(=O), S(=O)₂, C(=O)NH(CH₂)_n, and (CH₂CH₂O)_n, where n ranges from 1 to 6;

Ar is selected from C_6 – C_{20} aryl, C_6 – C_{20} substituted aryl, C_2 – C_{20} heteroaryl, and C_2 – C_{20} substituted heteroaryl;

R², R³ and R⁴ are each independently selected from H, F, Cl, Br, I, OH, -NH₂,
-NH₃⁺, -NHR, -NR₂, -NR₃⁺, C₁-C₈ alkylhalide, carboxylate, sulfate, sulfamate, sulfonate,
5-7 membered ring sultam, C₁-C₈ alkylsulfonate, C₁-C₈ alkylamino, 4dialkylaminopyridinium, C₁-C₈ alkylhydroxyl, C₁-C₈ alkylthiol, -SO₂R, -SO₂Ar, -SOAr,

-SAr, -SO₂NR₂, -SOR, -CO₂R, -C(=O)NR₂, 5-7 membered ring lactam, 5-7 membered ring lactone, -CN, -N₃, -NO₂, C₁-C₈ alkoxy, C₁-C₈ trifluoroalkyl, C₁-C₈ alkyl, C₁-C₈
substituted alkyl, C₃-C₁₂ carbocycle, C₃-C₁₂ substituted carbocycle, C₆-C₂₀ aryl, C₆-C₂₀
substituted aryl, C₂-C₂₀ heteroaryl, and C₂-C₂₀ substituted heteroaryl, polyethyleneoxy, phosphonate, phosphate, and a prodrug moiety; and

R is selected from C_1 – C_6 alkyl, C_1 – C_6 substituted alkyl, C_6 – C_{20} aryl, C_6 – C_{20} substituted aryl, C_2 – C_{20} heteroaryl, C_2 – C_{20} substituted heteroaryl, polyethyleneoxy, phosphonate, phosphate, and a prodrug moiety.

53. A process for preparation of a compound having structure 115:

comprising reacting a compound having the structure 44:

with tetrabutylammonium fluoride to form a desilylated intermediate; and reacting the desilylated intermediate with triphosgene (bis(trichloromethyl) carbonate), followed by dimethylhydrazine to form structure 115.

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- 54. A compound of claim 1 comprising a phosphonate prodrug and capable of accumulating in human PBMC.
- 55. The compound of claim 54 wherein the bioavailability of the compound or an intracellular metabolite of the compound in human PBMC is improved when compared to the analog of the compound not having the phosphonate or phosphonate prodrug.
 - 56. The compound of claim 54 wherein the intracellular half-life of the compound or an intracellular metabolite of the compound in human PBMC is improved when compared to the analog of the compound not having the phosphonate or phosphonate prodrug.
 - 57. The compound of claim 56 wherein the half-life is improved by at least about 50%.

58. The compound of claim 56 wherein the half-life is improved by at least about 100%.

59. The compound of claim 54 wherein the intracellular half-life of a metabolite of the compound in human PBMC is improved when compared to an analog of the compound not having the phosphonate or phosphonate prodrug.

- 60. The compound of claim 59 wherein the half-life is improved by at least about 50%.
- 61. The compound of claim 59 wherein the half-life is improved by at least about 100%.
- 10 62. The compound of claim 59 wherein the half-life is improved by greater than 100%.
 - 63. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claim 1 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 64. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 62 further comprising a

 therapeutically effective amount of an AIDS treatment agent selected from an HIV inhibitor agent, an anti-infective agent, and an immunomodulator.
 - 65. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 64 wherein the HIV inhibitor agent is an HIV-protease inhibitor.
- 66. The composition of claim 64 wherein the HIV inhibitor agent is a nucleoside reverse transcriptase inhibitor.
 - 67. The composition of claim 64 wherein the HTV inhibitor agent is a non-nucleoside reverse transcriptase inhibitor.
 - 68. A process for making a pharmaceutical composition comprising combining a compound of claim 1 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 25 69. A method of inhibiting HIV integrase, comprising the administration to a mammal in need of such treatment of a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claim 1.

70. A method of treating infection by HIV, or of treating AIDS or ARC, comprising administration to a mammal in need of such treatment of a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of claim 1.

71. Method of treating a disorder affecting white blood cells, comprising: administering a compound of claim 1 comprising phosphonate prodrug to a patient in need of white-blood-cell targeting.

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72. Method of targeting a compound to white blood cells, comprising: selecting a compound of claim 1 having a desired pharmaceutical activity and having a first structure;

modifying said first structure by replacing one or more atom of said first structure with an organic substituent comprising a phosphonate group or incipient phosphonate group to provide a compound having a second structure.

73. A method of manufacturing an HIV inhibitor compound having both selectivity for white blood cells and a desired pharmaceutical activity, comprising:

chemically synthesizing a first molecule of claim 1 having a first structure containing a phosphonate or precursor phosphonate group, wherein said first structure differs from a second structure of a compound known to have said desired pharmaceutical activity by having at least one hydrogen atom of said second structure replaced by an organic substituent comprising a phosphonate group or incipient phosphonate group.

- 20 74. The method of claim 73, wherein said first molecule is synthesized by a series of chemical reactions in which a hydrogen of said second structure is replaced by said organic substituent.
 - 75. The method of claim 73, wherein said first molecule is synthesized by a series of chemical reactions that never includes a molecule of said second structure.
- 25 76. Method of accumulating an HIV integrase inhibitor compound inside a white blood cell, comprising:

administering to a sample a composition comprising a compound of claim 1.

- 77. The method of claim 75 wherein said sample is a patient.
- 78. The method of claim 73, wherein said compound has a chemical structure A-30 B, wherein (a) a compound having structure A-H has HIV integrase inhibitor activity and (b) substructure B comprises a phosphonate group or a precursor phosphonate group.

79. Method of increasing half-life of an HIV integrase inhibitor compound, comprising:

replacing at least one hydrogen atom or organic radical of a compound of claim 1 by an organic substituent comprising a phosphonate group or incipient phosphonate.